Introduction

Operational Research Complements

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Mathematical programming: algorithms to compute optimal solutions to mathematical optimization problems.

The Operations Research course deals with:

- How to define mathematical optimization models (data, variables, constraints, objective function(s))
- Algorithms: in particular, the simplex algorithm for linear programming.

The Operational Research Complements course deals with:

- Algorithms for Mixed-Integer Linear Programming (some variables are discrete)
- Algorithms for Non-Linear Programming (some constraints or the objective are non-linear).

The Analytics and Optimization stream

The course is part of the Analytics and Optimization stream.

It can be well complemented with...

- Combinatorial optimization: algorithms for graph optimization problems solvable in polynomial-time.
- Heuristic algorithms for C.O.: *NP*-hard problems, but one strives for efficiency, not for optimality.
- Decision models and methods: two or more objectives, two or more decision-makers, uncertainty in data...

Courses like Simulation and Logistics are also consistent with this stream.

Prerequisites and exams

Prerequisites:

- basic concepts in mathematical optimization and linear programming;
- computer programming.

The exam consists of

- a project: designing, coding and testing a mathematical optimization algorithm and reporting about the experiments;
- an oral exam on the topics not covered by the project.

The course is well-suited for developing a master degree thesis.

Why should I attend this course?

You may want to attend this course because ...

- you are interested in optimization techniques to solve computationally difficult problems;
- you want to develop distinctive skills, not to be confused with the many "data scientists" and "analytics experts";
- you are looking for a career in some sector where optimization techniques are (or will be) in high demand;
- you want to become an operations research professional;
- you like applying mathematics and you can't resist curiosity about this branch of math called Operations Research / Management Science.

Weak reasons for taking this course:

- "I am a foreign student and this course is in English"
- "I need some credits with MAT label"

The O.R. analyst

O.R. analysts in the US (2019):

- N. of positions: 109700
- Median annual salary: USD 84810 (+41% w.r.t. US median)
- Forecasted growth 2018-2028: +26% (US: +5%)

(Data from U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics) See also www.careercast.com.

> Certified Analytics Professional



Mathematical programming

Mathematical programming problems are characterized by

- only one objective (otherwise: multi-objective programming)
- only one decision-maker (otherwise: game theory, multi-level programming,...)
- no uncertainty in data (otherwise: stochastic programming, robust optimization,...).

They can be classified as follows:

- Linear Programming (LP): linear constraints and objective, continuous variables
- Mixed-Integer Linear Programming (MILP): linear constraints and objective, but some variables are discrete
- Non-linear Programming (NLP): continuous variables but some constraints or the objective are not linear
- Mixed-Integer Non-Linear Programming (MINLP): some variables are discrete and some constraints or the objective are not linear.