

## Programming in Python<sup>1</sup>

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Lecture XIV: NumPy arrays

## NumPy



NumPy is a third-party library very popular for scientific/numerical programming (https://numpy.org/).

- Features familiar to matlab, R, Julia programmers
- The key data structure is the array
  - 1-dimension arrays: vectors
  - 2-dimension arrays: matrices
  - n-dimension arrays

In some languages array is more or less synonym of list: Python distinguishes: lists (mutable, arbitrary elements), arrays (mutable, all elements have the same type), tuples (immutable, fixed length, arbitrary elements).

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### NumPy arrays



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The most important data structure in NumPy is ndarray: a (usually fixed-size) sequence of same type elements, organized in one or more dimensions.

https://numpy.org/doc/stable/reference/arrays.ndarray.html

Implementation is based on byte arrays: accessing an element (all of the same byte-size) is virtually just the computation of an 'address'.

# Why?



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- using NumPy arrays is often more compact, especially when there's more than one dimension
- faster than lists when the operation can be vectorized
- (slower than lists when you append elements to the end)
- can be used with element of different types but this is less efficient

### ndarray



A ndarray has a dtype (the type of elements) and a shape (the length of the array on each dimensional axis). (Note the jargon: slightly different from linear algebra)

- Since appending is costly, normally they are pre-allocated (zeros, ones, arange, linspace, ...)
- vectorized operations can simplify code (no need for loops)
   and they are faster with big arrays
- vector indexing syntax (similar to R): very convenient (but you need to learn something new)

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#### All the elements must have the same size



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This is actually a big limitation: the faster access comes with a price in flexibility.
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