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Programming in Python¹

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Academic year 2022/23, I semester

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Lecture XVII: Tabular data

Tabular data



PyQB

Data are often given/collected as tables: matrices with rows for individual records and columns for the fields of the records. This is especially common in statistics, R has a built-in type for this: the dataframe.

pandas



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pandas (Python for data analysis) brings the DataFrame type to Python. It is based on numpy.

- Series: a one-dimensional labeled array capable of holding any data type (integers, strings, floating point numbers, Python objects, etc.). The axis labels are collectively referred to as the index.
- DataFrame: a 2-dimensional labeled data structure with columns of potentially different types. You can think of it like a spreadsheet, or a dict of Series objects.

Series



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The ordering depends on Python and pandas version...The current ones takes the insertion order, but you can provide explicitly the index.

```
d = {"b": 1, "a": 0, "c": 2}
s = pd.Series(d, index=['a', 'b', 'c'])
```

Series



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A Series is convenient because it is a ndarray (and can be vectorized) but also a ${\tt dict}.$

Dataframes



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A DataFrame has an index and a columns attribute. There are many ways of creating DataFrames, see the docs.

From csv or spreadsheets



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```
A famous example: Fisher's Iris flowers dataset. 150 records, "sepal length", "sepal width", "petal length", "petal width", "class"
```

```
iris = pd.read_csv('iris.csv')
# with a url
iris = pd.read_csv('https://tinyurl.com/iris-data')
```

Two ways of indexing



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- .loc[] "label based"
- .iloc[] "position based"

For both you can use: a single value, a list of values, a boolean array. Two notable things:

- If you use a slice notation with .loc ('a':'f') the last value is included! (different from plain python and from .iloc)
- Can be also a callable function with one argument (the calling Series or DataFrame) and that returns valid output for indexing (one of the above)