Fuzzy Connections in realistic real-time facial animation
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## Face Animation

- Anatomical synthesis: highly detailed biomechanics modeling of facial tissue (FEM, Multi-layer models... e.g. Koch et al., 1998; Badler, 2000).
- Exterior reproduction: highly detailed reproduction of the surface of the face, mainly in Computer Graphics (e.g. Lee et al., 1998; Guenter et al., 1998).


## Our real-time approach

- Hybrid approach;
- Two-layers model.
- Upper topological mesh.
- Lower control mesh.


## Two-layers animation



The deformation of the topological mesh is induced by a deformation of the control mesh.

## Acquisition of topological mesh



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## Construction of the control mesh



51 Markers are positioned on the subject (MPEG-4):

- Difficulty in applying them:

Around th eyes and inside the lips.
Base of the nose (visibility from the cameras).

- To identify a local reference system (optional):

Elastic band with four markers.

Acquired markers (51)

- Virtual markers anchored to the head (7)
- Virtual markers anchored to real ones (2) For a total of 60 markers


## Where is the problem in the connection?

$\forall \mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{i}}$ of the topological mesh:

1) Determine the triangle onto which $P_{i}$ is projected.
2) Compute the intrinsic coordinates of $P_{i}$.

Here is what happens close to the border of a control triangle:

$\mathrm{P} 1 \perp \mathrm{~T} 1 \in \mathrm{~T} 1 \quad \mathrm{P} 3 \perp \mathrm{~T} 1 \notin \mathrm{~T} 1$
$\mathrm{P} 2 \perp \mathrm{~T} 2 \in \mathrm{~T} 2 \quad \mathrm{P} 3 \perp \mathrm{~T} 2 \notin \mathrm{~T} 2$
No projection for P3.

$\mathrm{P} 1 \perp \mathrm{~T} 1 \in \mathrm{~T} 1 \quad \mathrm{P} 3 \perp \mathrm{~T} 1 \in \mathrm{~T} 1$
$\mathrm{P} 2 \perp \mathrm{~T} 2 \in \mathrm{~T} 2 \quad \mathrm{P} 3 \perp \mathrm{~T} 2 \in \mathrm{~T} 2$
Two projected points for P3.

Here is where fuzzy assignment comes into play.

## Fuzzy association



Rigid association
Fuzzy association

## General schema of the system



## Results are available at MAVR's home page:

http://www.inb.mi.cnr.it/borghese.html

